

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/764,764	01/26/2004	Duane D. Kriegshauser	2004 - Kriegshauser.Duane 8781	
7.	590 04/22/2005		EXAMI	NER
Randal D. Homburg			KIM, CHRISTOPHER S	
P.O. Box 10470 Midwest City, OK 73140-1470			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			3752	
		DATE MAILED: 04/22/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			(Z)			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/764,764	KRIEGSHAUSER, DUANE D.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Christopher S. Kim	3752			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty. (30) days, a reply of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 Fe</u>	obrugov 2005				
2a)⊠	<u>_</u>	action is non-final.				
3)□	, -		osecution as to the merits is			
٧,۵	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o					
Applicat	ion Papers	·				
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 January 2004</u> is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	a) accepted or b) objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is objected.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
а)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document: application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachmen	nt(s)					
1) 🛭 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
3) 🔲 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

- 1. The response filed February 3, 2005 is acknowledged.
- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Drawings

3. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the "quick connect fittings" recited in claim 3 must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement

Art Unit: 3752

Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 5. The term "low" in claims 1 and 2 is a relative term which renders the claims indefinite. The term "low" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is uncertain what constitutes "low" voltage.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lloyd (3,584,788) in view of Cooke et al. (3,481,545).

Lloyd discloses a boom sprayer having: having booms 17, 18; marking devices 30, 31; pumps 33; and marker storage tanks 32; spray nozzles 36; a three way power switch 57. Lloyd differs from what is being claimed in the air compressor, foam tank, air line and foam tubing. Cooke teaches a foam marker mounted to a boom sprayer (see

figure 4) that includes a compressor 10, a foaming solution bottle 8, air line 28 (column 3, lines 1-10), foam tubing 38. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have replaced the marker storage tank and pump of Lloyd with the compressor and foam tank of Cooke to reduce pollution by replacing the chemical marker of Lloyd (column 2, lines 29-34) with the foam of Cooke.

Examiner takes official notice of threads for engaging and quick connect fittings.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed February 3, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to the drawing object, applicant argues that the specification discloses the quick connect fittings 45a, 45b, 75a, 75b and that figures 2 and 3 show those reference numbers. While the specification discloses the quick fittings and the reference numbers are shown in the drawings, the drawings do not show "quick connect fittings." The "quick connect" feature of the fittings is not shown in the drawings.

Applicant argues that the term "low" is not indefinite because one of ordinary skill in the art would understand the scope of the invention. Applicant give the examples of 6 volt and 12 volt DC battery for operation of small gas combustion engine in lawn and garden tractors, neither of which is supported by the specification. The rejection under 35 USC 112, second paragraph is not on the basis that "low voltage" is not known, but rather, the degree of voltage encompassed by the term "low" is indefinite. While applicant considers 6 volts and 12 volts to be considered low voltage, Nikkel et al. (see

Art Unit: 3752

U.S. Patent Number 5,170,849, column 11, lines 10-15.) considers 2 volts DC to be low voltage and 6 volts DC to be high voltage. What voltage is required to meet applicant's claim of "low voltage?"

Page 5

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Applicant argues that Cooke does not disclose the header as indicated in the present marking apparatus. Cooke discloses a header 30, 32 and outlet chuck 36, 40.

Applicant argues that Cooke does not have any electrically active application in producing the generated gas. Cooke discloses, in column 3, lines 5-10, "If an air compressor is used..." Burenga (U.S. Patent Number 4,077,747; column 1, lines 1-15; column 2, line 65 through column 3, line 10) is provided as evidence that an air compressor usually is equipped with pressure gauge, a pressure regulator, a relief valve, control switches, and other necessary fittings."

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and *In re*

Art Unit: 3752

Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, motivation is found both in the references and in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that the foam of Cooke would have produced less pollution than the chemicals used in Lloyd. Additionally, Cooke discloses, in column 2, lines 1-21, that the foam is readily visible, increases productivity of the operator, and economical.

In response to applicant's argument that Lloyd and Cooke are nonanalogous art, it has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, both Lloyd and Cooke are in the field of applicant's endeavor: boom sprayers for agricultural marking.

Conclusion

8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher S. Kim whose telephone number is (571) 272-4905. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday, 6:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dave Scherbel can be reached on (571) 272-4919. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Christopher S. Kim Primary Examiner Art Unit 3752